

Update from your Association partner

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Honeymoon Community Cohesion Now Reconstruction A New Beginning Heroic is the time for Pre-Disaster Reconstruction Disillusionment Threat * Setback Impact Working Through Grief Inventory Coming to Terms **Anniversary Reactions**

Post-Acute and Long-Term Care is adapting

WORKFORCE



IMPROVED COMPENSATION



MORE RESPONSIVE MANAGEMENT



BUILDING BUMPERS AROUND AGENCY



INVEST IN THE PERSON: CAREER LADDERS, PERSONALIZED SCHEDULING

OPERATIONS

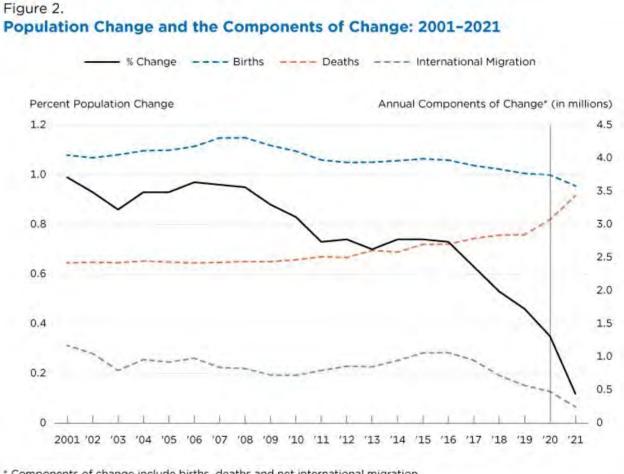
- Refocus on care
- Get out of fight/flight cycle
- Springboard from the new compliance requirements
- Begin to plan for a future again

Pressures in play



Where are the people?

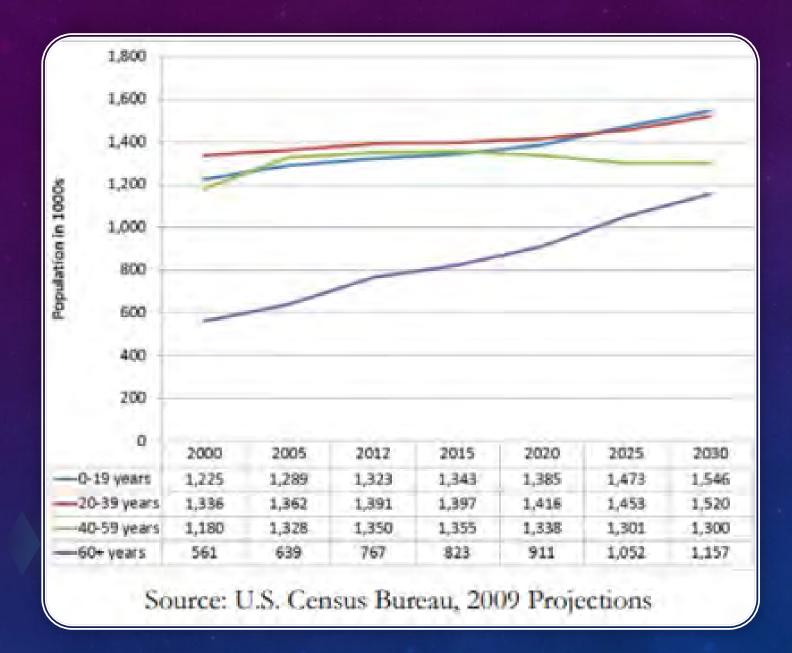
- The year 2021 is the first time since 1937 that the U.S. population grew by fewer than one million people, featuring the lowest numeric growth since at least 1900, when the Census Bureau began annual population estimates.
- In 2020, 27,337 people moved to Colorado, and in 2021, data shows that number dropped even further to 14,731. That's compared to 68,844 people who moved here in 2015.



* Components of change include births, deaths and net international migration.

Note: Only data to the right of the line are from Vintage 2021.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Vintage 2020 Estimates; Vintage 2021 Estimates; 2000-2010 Intercensal Estimates.

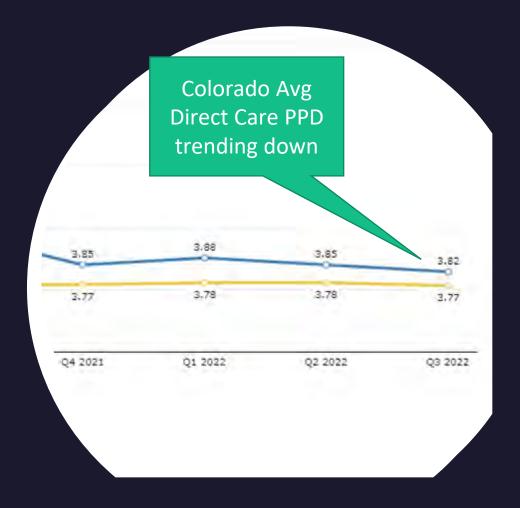


Colorado is aging

The proportion of Colorado's population that is over 60 is growing while the proportion that is under 60 is shrinking. The U.S. Census Bureau estimates that 21 percent of Colorado's population will be over age 60 by the year 2030, an increase of 32% percent from 2012.

CMS Staffing mandate

- Expect it to be announced any day now – "by end of spring"
- 4.1 PPD anticipated to be the standard for direct care nursing



What's the big idea?

Aging in place

Funding and Cultural Shift to prefer home health care – "SNF at home"

ARPA funds used in CO to fund models development to transition people OUT of our settings

The average 65+ year old person thinks he/she is prepared to age in place at home.

Cost saving: HCPF pressuring to consolidate use of funds to fewer communities.

Post-acute and Long-term Care is still a vital part of the care continuum

- Home-based care for those we would normally serve requires more workers than we have
- Clinical acuity will continue to exceed home health services.
- Many are unfriended, and families cannot care for their loved ones while still conducting their lives.



We have allies



- Funding for increased Medicaid
 Reimbursement has been secured
- Pay for Performance doubled
- Takes funds away from total
 Medicaid fund so we have to earn
 the increase to reach full funding,
 BUT it promotes change in
 delivery of care

Other legislative positives

Dementia Care Training upon hire (4 hours) and annually (2 hours)

Agency bill moving forward – will prevent required buy-outs of employees

Guardianship bill introduced

What is making us better

Listening to our members – tailored education and support

Root cause analysis that embraces the human factor

Restorative justice model for employee retention and growth

Empowering caregivers with deductive reasoning



Our Partnerships are strong and getting stronger

